

Neue Biopharmazeutika: von der Idee zum Prüfarzneimittel

Etablierung einer aseptischen Abfüllung für Kleinstchargen am ITEM

Symposium der Fachgruppe
“Arzneimittelkontrolle/ Pharmazeutische Analytik”
Braunschweig, 11. März 2015

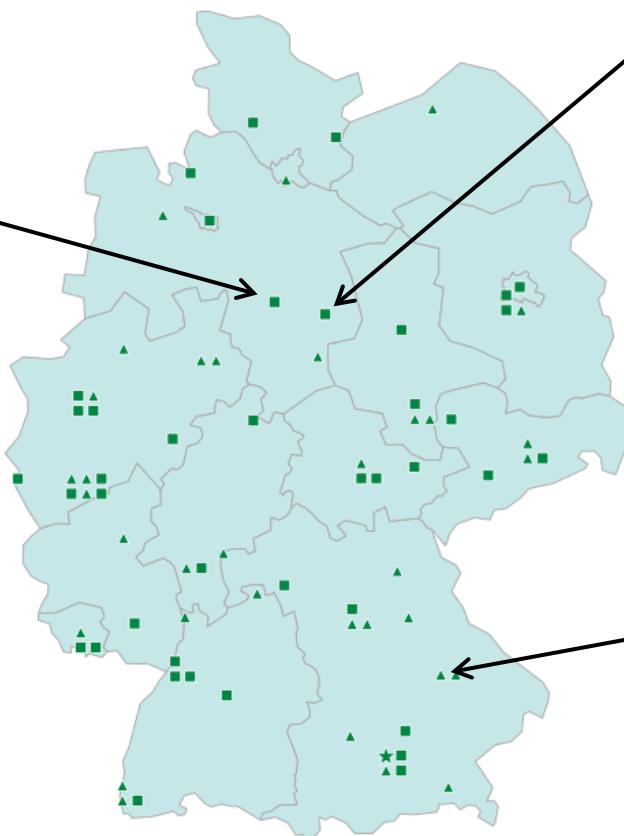
Dr. Luma Baydoun
Pharmazeutische Biotechnologie
Fraunhofer ITEM, Braunschweig

Fraunhofer ITEM

Fraunhofer Institute for Toxicology and Experimental Medicine

Hannover

Fraunhofer ITEM



Braunschweig

Pharmaceutical Biotechnology
Division



Regensburg

Personalized Tumor Therapy
Project group

The ITEM Clinical Research Centre (CRC)

- a new part of the ITEM division of Airway Research -

Focus: Clinical trials phase I (first-in-men) and phase II (proof-of-concept)

Hannover Medical
School (MHH)
—

all indications

Helmholtz-Centre for
Infection Research (HZI)
—

infectious diseases

Fraunhofer ITEM
—
airway diseases



→ Increasing demand for IMPs for clinical trials

Pharmaceutical Biotechnology

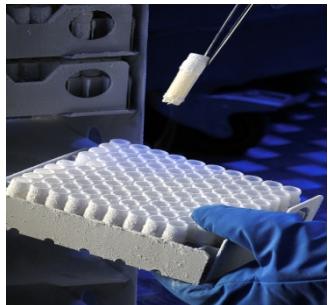
Fraunhofer ITEM

Biopharmaceutical process development in Braunschweig



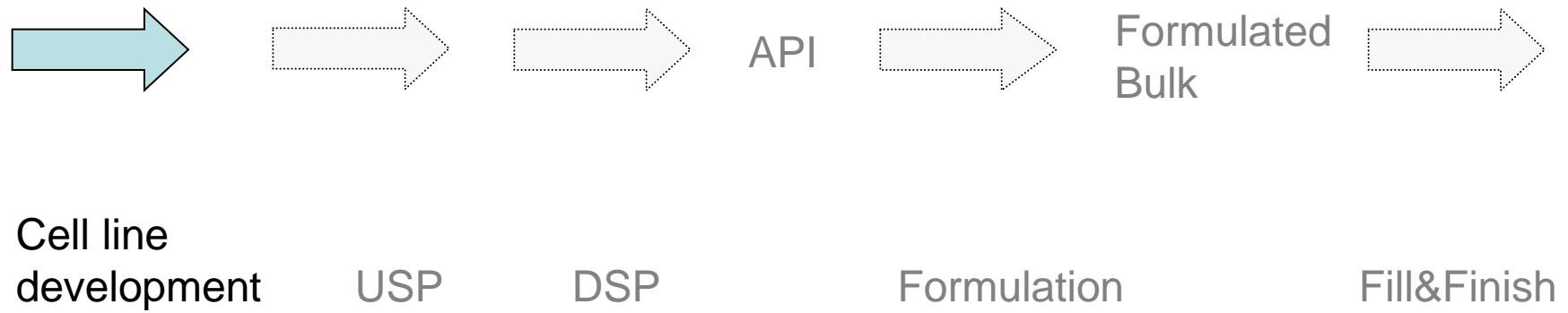
- 2000 m² lab space for biopharmaceutical process development
- 600 m² clean rooms (A, B, C, D) for early clinical phase manufacture (API + IMP)
- 700 m² offices, 40 persons staff
- Manufacturing license since 1997

Pharmaceutical Biotechnology: Fields of expertise



- Microbial and animal cell line development
- GMP-manufacture of MCBs and WCBs
- Mammalian and Microbial cell culture development (USP)
- Downstream process development (DSP)
- Analytical method development and validation
- ICH stability studies
- Biopharmaceutical drug substances production platforms
 - Nucleic acids / plasmids
 - Recombinant and monoclonal antibodies
- GMP manufacture of investigational biopharmaceutical drug substances and
- **ASEPTIC FILLING of liquid dosage forms (bags, vials and ampoules)**

Process Chain



Cell line development at ITEM

Plasmid/e mit Gol



DNA-Transfer
in Wirtszellen



Selektion der stabilen Zellen
(Antibiotika, MTX)

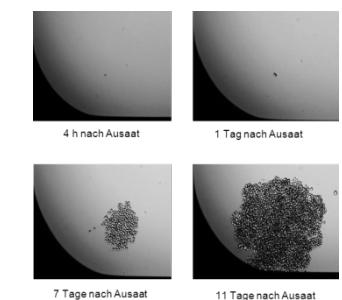
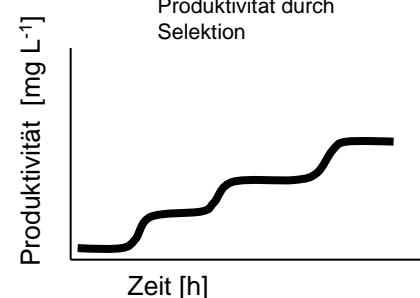
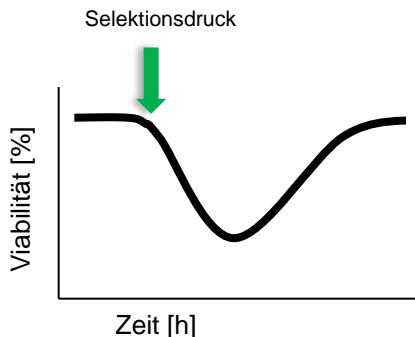
+

evl. Amplifikation
des Gol (MTX)

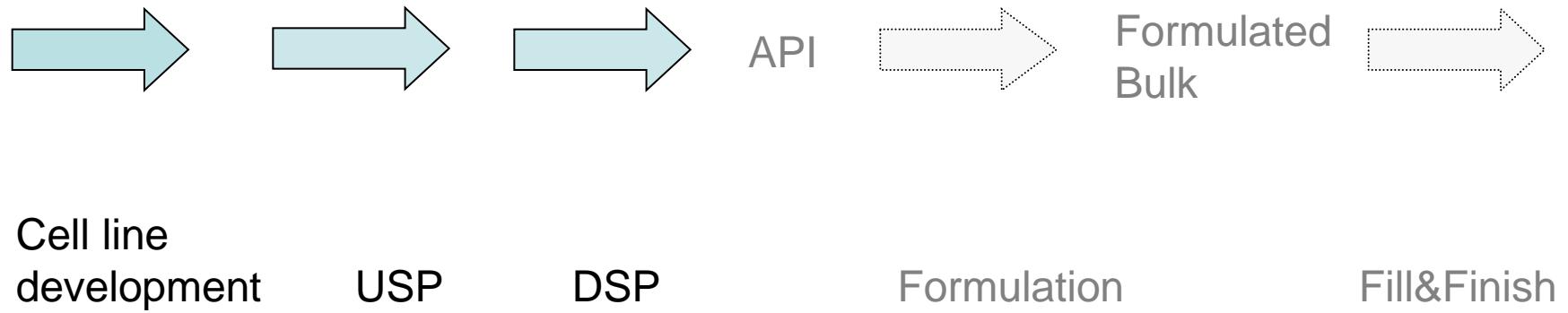
Einzelzellklonierung nach
FDA suggestion limiting
dilution + clone picking



Wirtszellen
z.B. CHO-K1,
CHO-DG44,
HEK293, etc.



Process Chain



Process development at ITEM

USP

Auswahl des Produktionsklons

Auswahl/Modifikation des Produktionsmediums

Entwicklung der Feedingstrategie

Entwicklung des seed trains

Prozessentwicklung (pH, Temperatur, CO₂, pO₂, seed density)

Prozessentwicklung im 1 L-Maßstab (DoE)



DSP

Generische IgG Aufreinigungsplattform (DoE)

3 Chromatographieschritte

Capture (Protein A)

Cation exchange chromatography (CIEX)

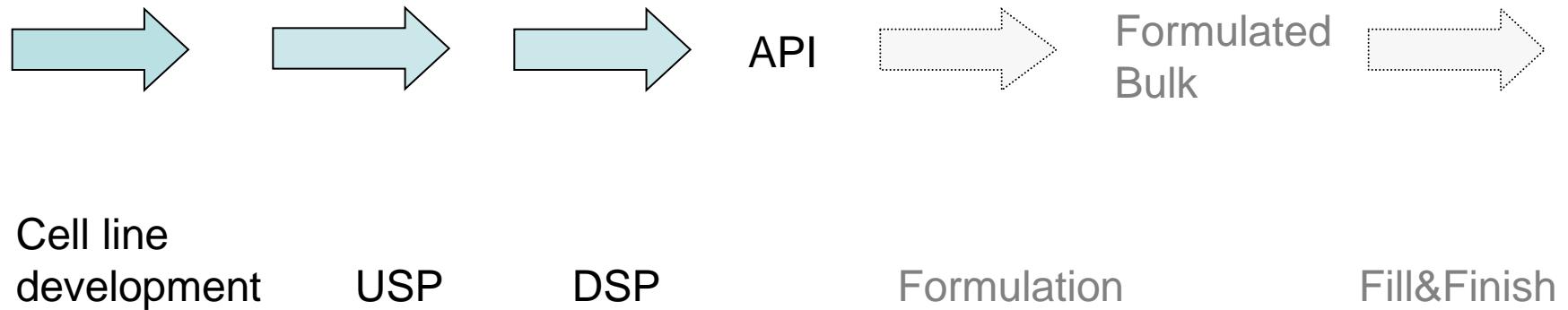
Anion exchange chromatography (AIEX)

Analytische Methoden:

Content assay, SDS-PAGE, IEF, DNA, HCP, Protein A-ELISA, SE-HPLC, and OD



Process Chain

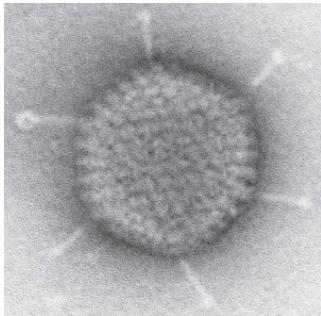


Challenges



Staph. aureus
bacteriophage

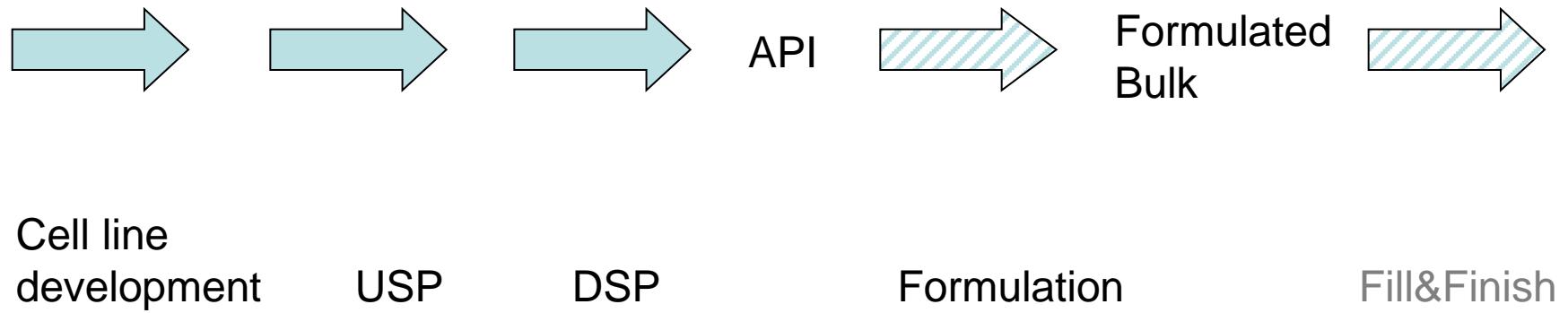
- Outsourcing of F&F difficult
 - Biosafety reasons (*BL2!)
 - Toxicological data (often) not available in early drug development stages
 - Batches typically too small



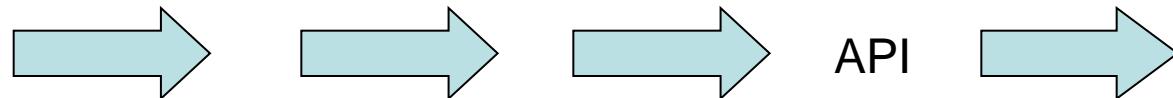
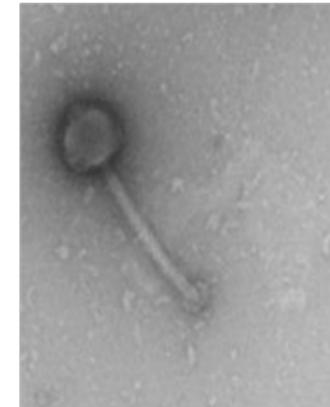
Adenovirus*

- Defining suitable primary containment incl. stopper
 - Significant loss of API in bulk solution depending on the stopper material
 - Additional time-consuming studies required

Challenges



Challenges



Cell line
development

USP

DSP

Goals and Approach

The goal:

Cost effective access to small batches of aseptically-filled biopharmaceutical IMPs

The filling line approach:

- a basic/standardized process
- based on ready-to-fill primary packaging/glass containers/ampoules
- use of standard formats
- high quality glass (as primary containment)

User requirements for Fill & Finish

- Implementation of the F&F facility as an extension to an existing API manufacturing facility
 - Space constraints (no space for washer and sterilization tunnel)



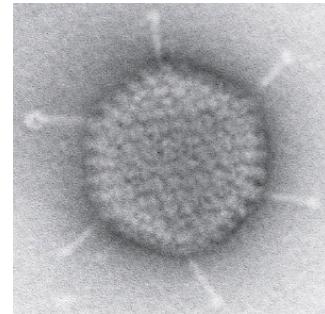
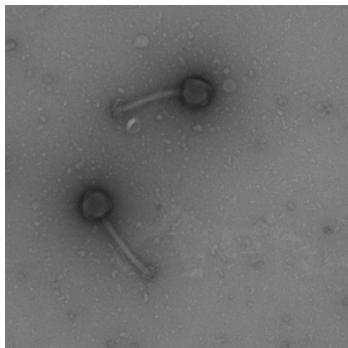
User requirements for Fill & Finish

- Budget constraints
- Costs for washer and sterilization tunnel disproportionately high for prospective usage



User requirements for Fill & Finish

- Fill of highly potent drug substances (e.g. protein toxins) and biosafety level 2 substances (e. g. viruses)
- Filling machine and clean room resistant to decontamination gassing (H_2O_2)



User requirements for Fill & Finish

- Highly sensitive biopharmaceutical drug substances
((glyco-)proteins, nucleic acids)
- N₂ gassing before/during fill



User requirements for Fill & Finish

- Flexibility in primary packaging and volumes
 - vials, ampoules
 - 1 - 50 ml, 1 - 30 ml



- Fully automated filling of small batches
 - clinical trial material / stability studies
 - between 400 and 20.000 objects per day



The ITEM solution

- Primary packaging
- Manufacturing process
- Filling machine
- Operation sequences

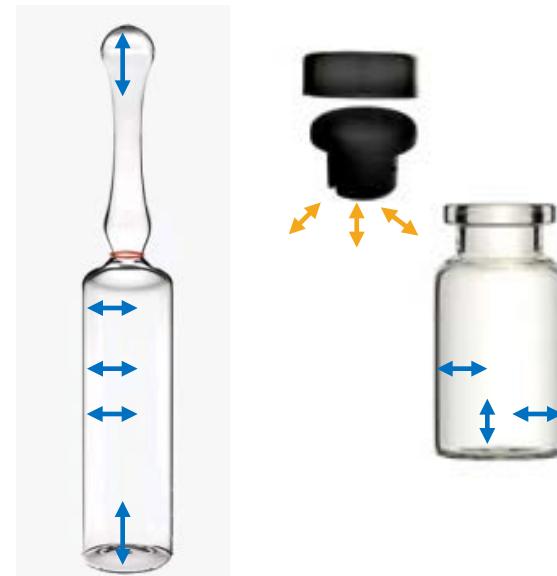
The ITEM solution

- Primary packaging
- Manufacturing process
- Filling machine
- Operation sequences

→**Presterilized ready-to-fill vials and burn-up ampoules**

Why glass ampoules?

- one single surface material for potential interaction with formulation components
- no additional rubber component with potential effects through:
 - selective adsorption / modification (inactivation/aggregation) of formulation components
 - leachables/extractables
 - rubber aging effects (particles)
- Standardized / generic media fills



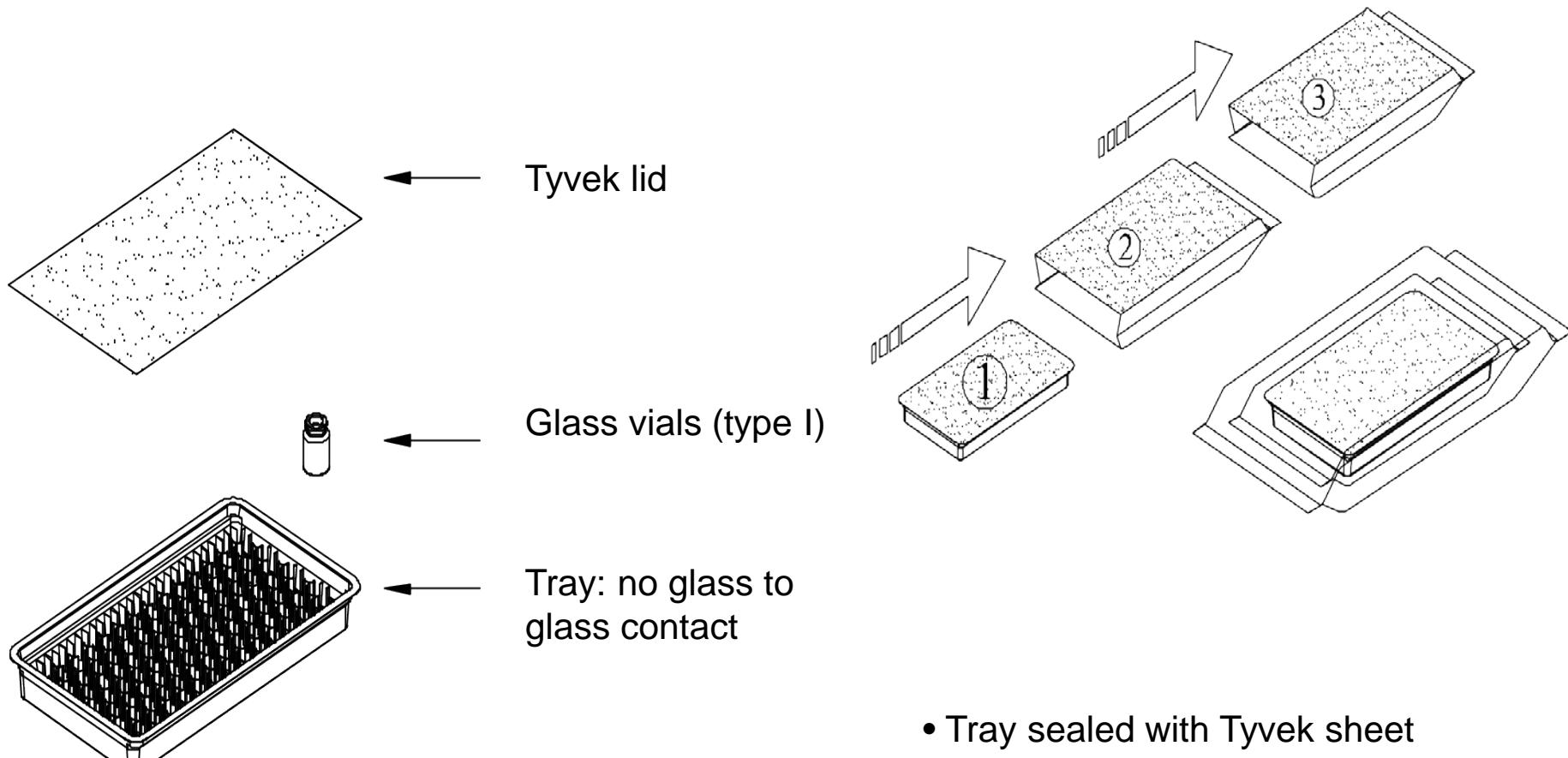
Why glass ampoules?

Facilitated stability assessment

- Fast access to preliminary stability data (≥ 3 months)
- **Time:** fast step sequence from drug substances to clinical grade drug products
- **Costs:** Reduction of costs per ampoule

Presterilized ready-to-fill vials

- packaging description

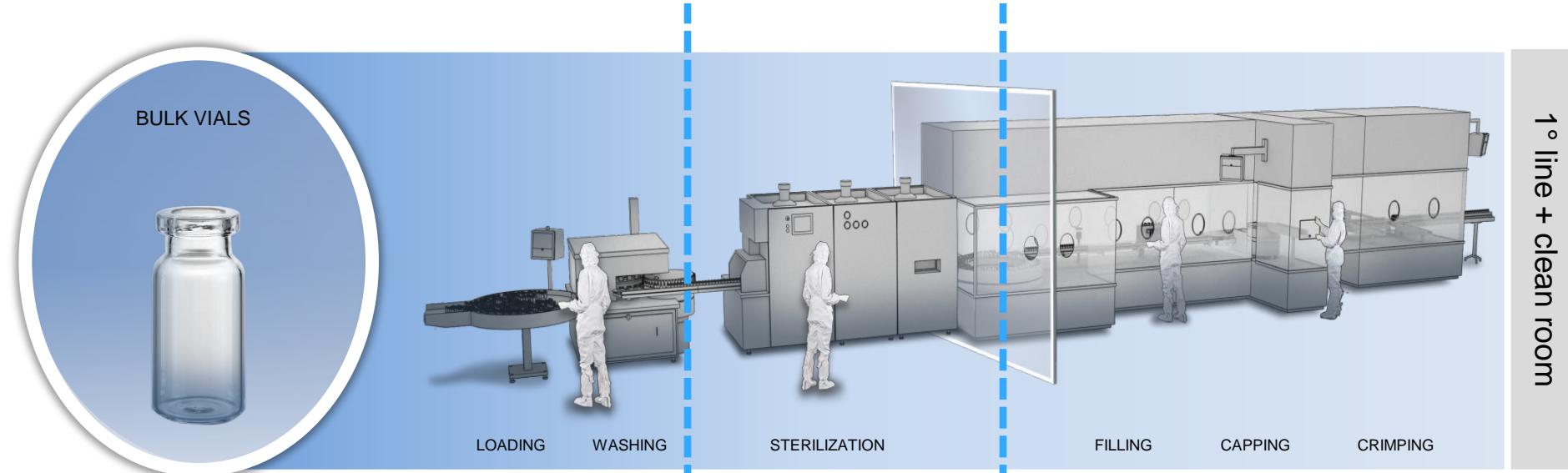


- Tray sealed with Tyvek sheet
- Tray protected by a double steribag

The Fraunhofer ITEM solution

- Primary packaging
- Manufacturing process
 - **fill-and-seal unit; no in-line washer and sterilization tunnel**
 - **reduction of space requirements and investments**
- Filling machine
- Operation sequences

Basic zone requirements for traditional aseptic filling line



Zone 1 (ISO 8):

Loading of primary packing material and washing

*additional line for bulk ampoules

Zone 2 (ISO 7/LAF):

Sterilization / depyrogenation

Zone 3 (ISO 7/LAF):

Filling / sealing

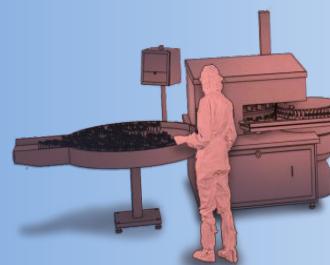
Ampoules and ready-to-fill vials approach for an aseptic filling line



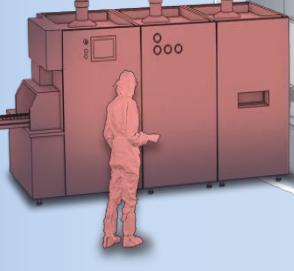
Immediate saving



LOADING



WASHING



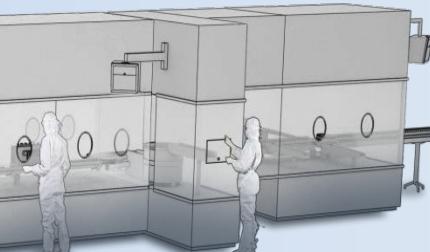
STERILIZATION



FILLING



CAPPING



CRIMPING

1° line + clean room

Reduction in:

Investments

- Clean room
- Washing Machine
- Depyrogenation oven
- Fixtures for machinery
- Additional instrumentation
- Validation cost (time)

Fixed costs

- WFI
- LAF
- Personnel training and revalidation
- Maintenance
- Direct labor

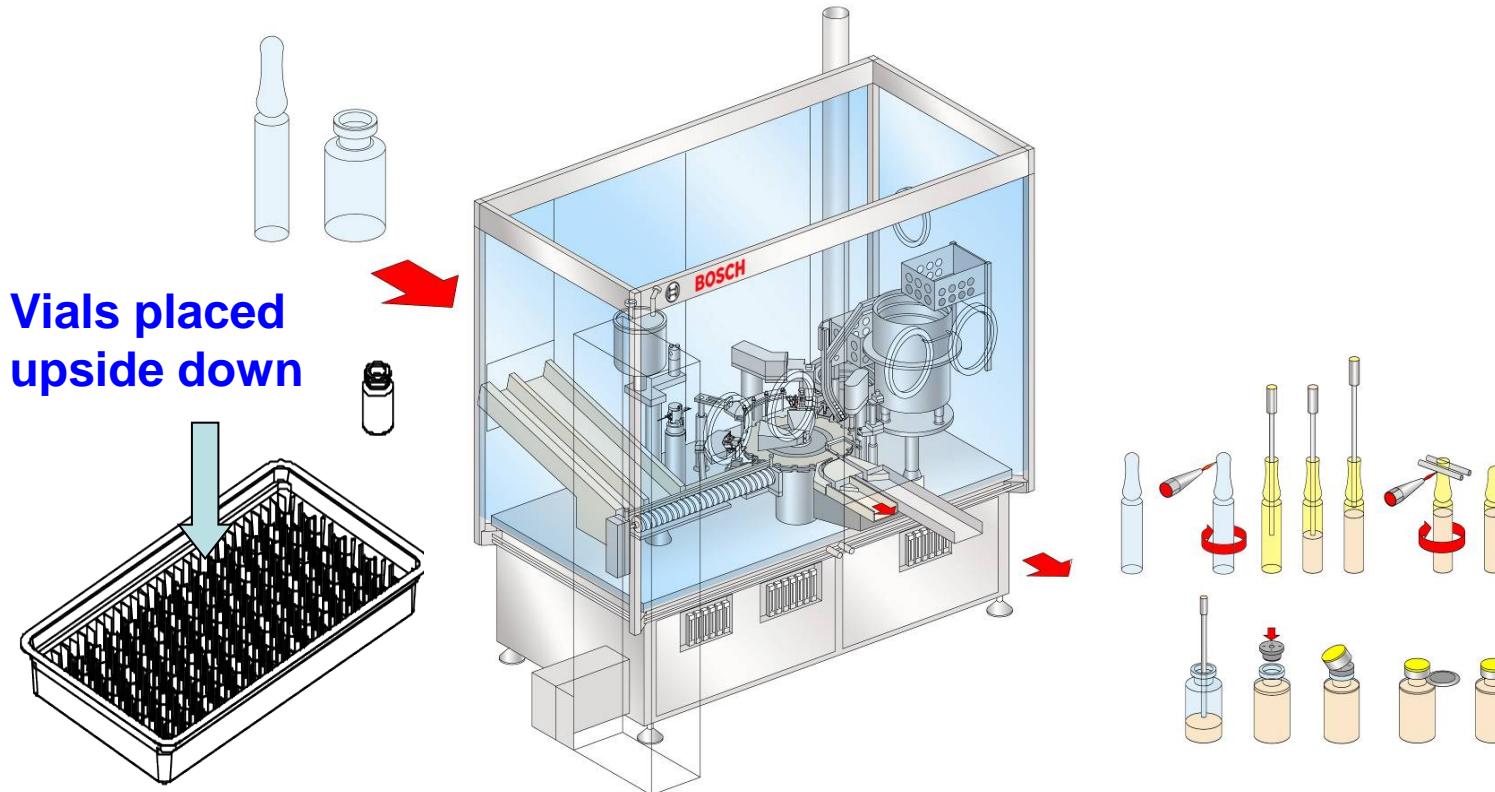
Zone 3 (ISO 7/LAF):

Filling / sealing

The Fraunhofer ITEM solution

- Primary packaging
- Manufacturing process
- Filling machine: → **customized**
- Operation sequences

Filling machine for closed ampoules and vials



The Fraunhofer ITEM solution

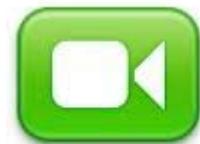
- Primary packaging
- Manufacturing process
- Filling machine
- Operation sequences

Filling machine basic configuration for pre-sterilized ampoules and vials



Sequence for vials and stoppers

- Stoppers sterilized, double packed
- Vials ready-to-fill / double packed
- Introduced into class B clean room and from there into the RABS (Restricted Access Barrier System) via pizza door
- Unpacking from the Tyvek cover inside the RABS
- Filling and sealing sequence in ARF 1000 (Bosch)



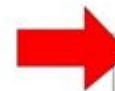
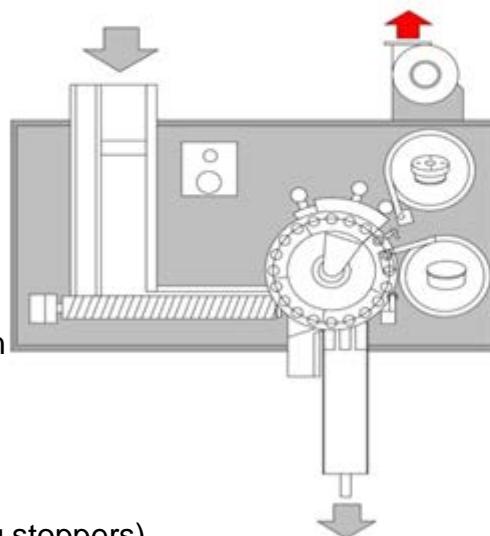
Sequence for ampoules

- Loaded in a nest
- Cleaning
- Drying
- Double-packed
- In house sterilization /depyrogenization (121 °C)
- Transferred into class B clean room and loaded into the filling line via pizza door (→ class A)
- Unpacking from the Tyvek wrap inside the RABS
- Filling and sealing sequence filling machine

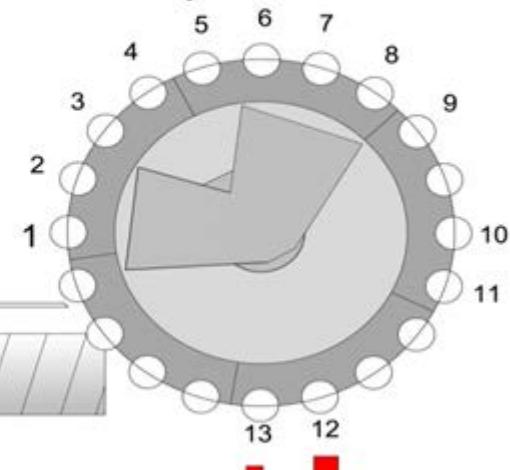
Operation sequence – combined filling machine

ARF 1010 / 1020

1. Pre-heating opening
2. Tip opening
3. Burn opening under rotation
4. Pre-gassing
5. Filling
6. Post-gassing
7. Pre-heating closing
8. Closing ampoules (inserting stoppers)
9. Control stoppers
10. Caps placing
11. Crimping
12. Outfeed
13. Reject station



combi version
- closed ampoules
- open ampoules
- injection vials



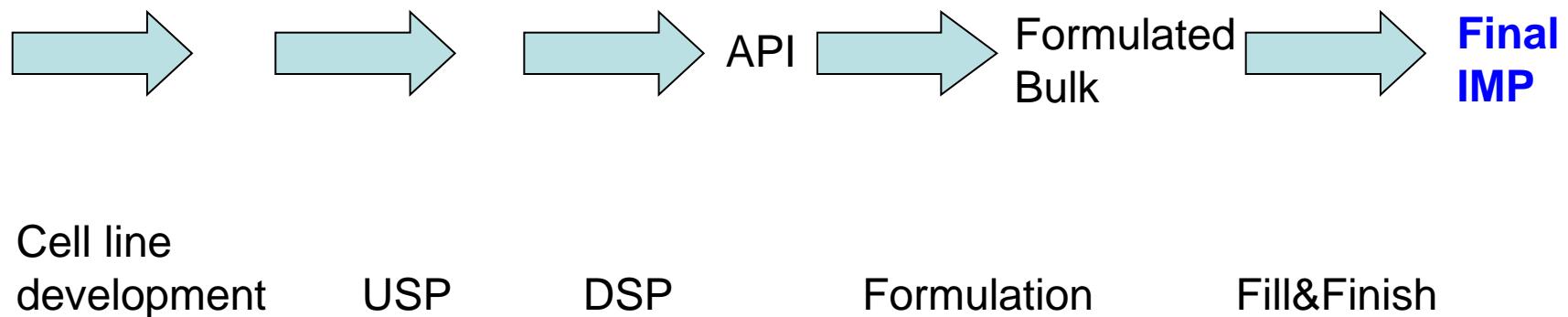
GMP manufacture

- Aseptic process simulation for vials
→ 3 successfull media fills in 2014
- GAA inspection in January 2015
- Manufacturer's license for automated aseptic F&F
expected in 2015

Summary

Fraunhofer ITEM needed a combined solution to be able to manufacture small batches of investigational medicinal products for clinical trials and stability testing

→ **small combined filling machine in conjunction with pre-sterilized vials and burn-up ampoules provides a fast, flexible and cost-effective solution, enabling Fraunhofer ITEM to offer the complete manufacturing process from cell line development to the final IMP**



Thank you for your kind attention