On the UNICARagil Release Procedure

Measures for Internal and External Risk Communication

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Robert Graubohm, TU Braunschweig



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Project introduction: Woopen et al. (2018), "UNICARagil – Disruptive Modular Architectures for Agile, Automated Vehicle Concepts," *Aachener Kolloquium 2018, Aachen, Germany*. DOI: 10.18154/RWTH-2018-229909.

The Consortium





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Prototypes' Status





Picture: unicaragil.de



What does the vehicle release process during the prototype implementation look like?



Related Work



- Safety concepts for AV demonstrations (e.g., Ziegler et al., 2014)
- Safety argumentation for AV testing (e.g., Koopman & Osyk, 2019)

(Unpublished) internal release procedures of vehicle manufacturers

Distinction: Project Vision vs. Experimental Vehicles



Project vision:

UNICARagil AVs for various use cases navigate automatically through mixed inner city traffic

Experimental vehicles:

Prototypes representing four use cases are tested and demonstrated on proving grounds

The release procedures discussed here are aimed at the safe operation of the prototypes during tests and demonstrations.



Safety Goals for an Urban Example Scenario

Target behavior:

Ego vehicle follows lane with adequate speed

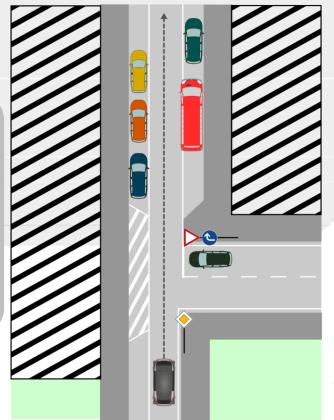


Safety Goal Examples

SG 1 The vehicle shall move within its lane boundaries during lane following.

SG 2 The vehicle shall pass relevant objects with adequate lateral distance.

(cf. Stolte et al., 2020)



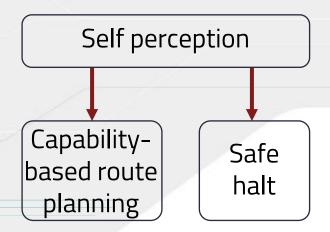




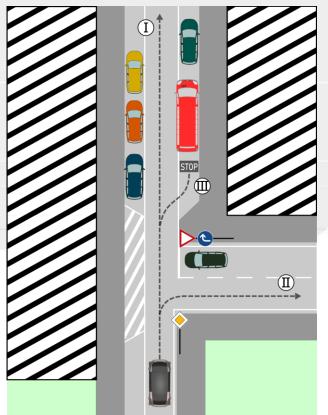
Project Specific Safety Mechanisms to Fulfill the Generic Goals

SG_1 The vehicle shall move within its lane boundaries during lane following.

SG_2 The vehicle shall pass relevant objects with adequate lateral distance.



(cf. Stolte et al., 2020)







Baseline for the Prototypes' Release



The prototypes represent vehicles...

- ... built from scratch...
- ... designed mostly by academic institutions...
- ... using prototypical algorithms and hardware components...
- ... that will never operate in public traffic...
- ... that, however, not only project staff, but also externals will interact with...
- ... and that will drive on their own without human safety drivers.

Demonstration will include remote monitoring by a "safety watch" (wireless stop switches for track marshals or escort vehicles)



Goals Regarding the Release Procedure



Project-wide **release levels** are established.

A specific release level is approved based on:

- a) appropriate documentation of design features and
- b) the actual vehicle readiness.

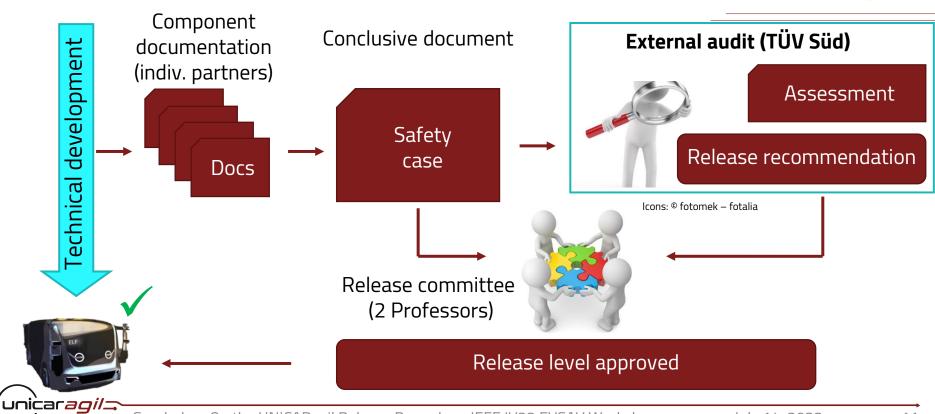
Thus, the following statements are characteristics of the release procedure:

- Uncertainties and the imminent risks when interacting with the vehicles are generally known, transparent, and documented.
- Measures for risk avoidance or mitigation are specified
- Measures appear to the releasing party to be sufficient and appropriate for the intended use
- Implementation of these measures is documented



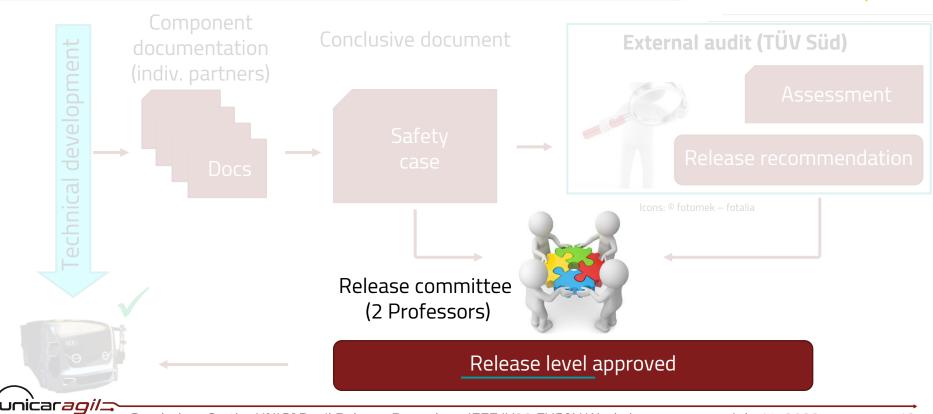
The UNICARagil Release Procedure





The UNICARagil Release Procedure





Release Levels in UNICARagil

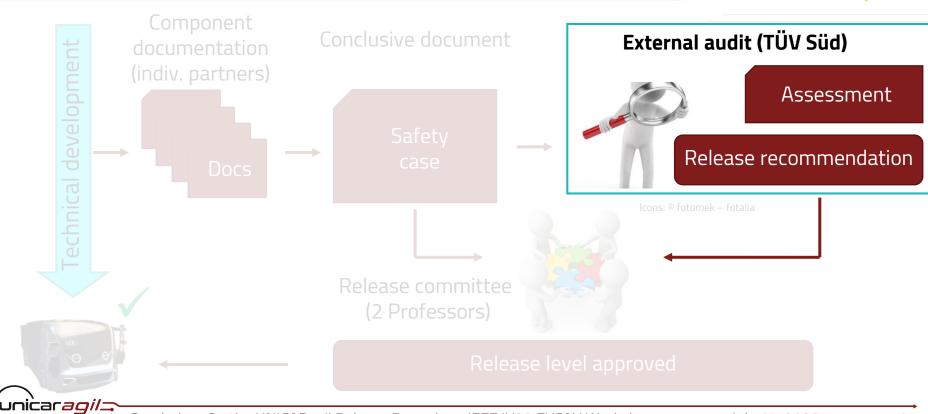


- 1) Release for driving with manual control on test area with reduced speed
- 2) Release for driving with manual control on test area
- 3) Release for testing functions in controlled environments involving safety drivers as a fallback
- 4) Release for trials of the demonstration
- 5) Release to demonstrate on the final event



The UNICARagil Release Procedure





External audits



- 1) Release for driving with manual control on test area with reduced speed
- 2) Release for driving with manual control on test area
- 3) Release for testing functions in controlled environments involving safety drivers as a fallback

TÜV Süd: Initial Assessment Feedback to developers

4) Release for trials of the demonstration

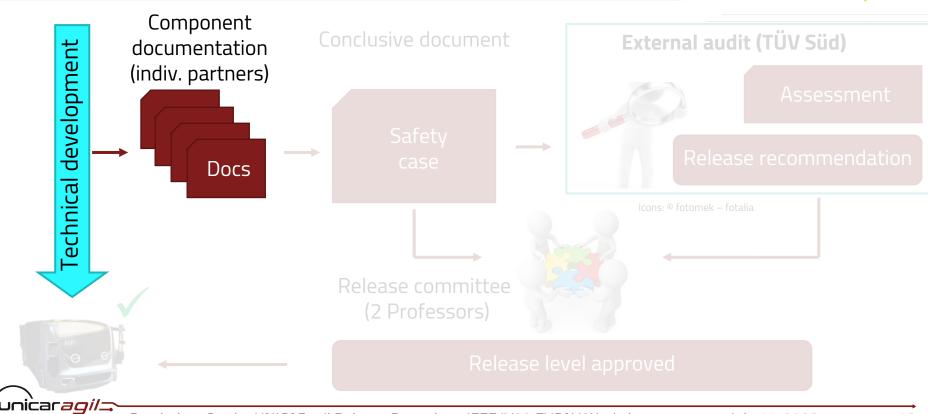
TÜV Süd: Final Assessment Release recommendation

5) Release to demonstrate on the final event



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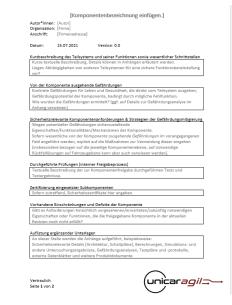
Component Documentation and Release



Uniform cover sheet for the component release, specifying

- vehicle and release level(s)
- the developers and their affiliations
- system boundaries, functionality and interfaces
- hazards posed by the component
- hazard mitigation on component level
- tests performed (component approval)
- certificates of employed subcomponents
- current limitations and deficits

The component release is signed by a professor.









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Partner Documentation for the First Release Levels



Vehicle components:

- Dynamics modules
- Battery
- On-board communication networks
- Test driver's seat
- Vehicle structure
- Door

- Control interfaces
- On-board power supply
- Thermal management
- Electronic mirrors
- Headlights
- Driver intervention capability

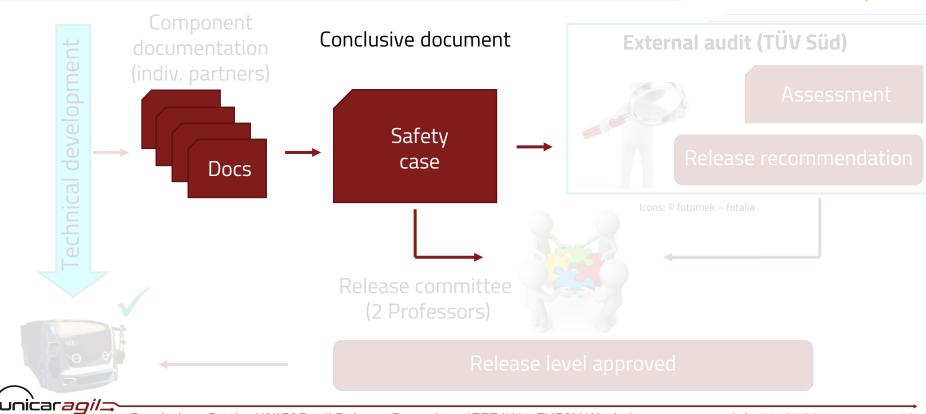
Additional documentation:

- Compliance with integration process
- Successful integration tests
- Description of test sites
- Operating instructions
- Test plan



The UNICARagil Release Procedure





Structure of the Conclusive Documentation



- Approval of the release committee (signature fields) for a specific vehicle and release level
- Project context and introduction
- Explanation of the release level and listing of the enclosed component documentations
- System-wide safety case (safety argument for the release level and disclosure of causes of risks)
- Partner documentations



Safety Case: Causes of Risks



- Unpredictability of potentially dangerous vehicle behavior (e.g., control interface or actuator failures)
- Uncertainty about consequences of a collision for occupants
- Uncertainty about the behavior of persons in the vehicle environment
- Uncertainty about operating modes of the vehicle (mode confusion, mode awareness, ...)
- Possibility of electrical hazard (during operation, due to collisions, or during maintenance)
- Possibility of trapped occupants due to faults in the "door" system
- Possibility of insufficient monitoring or lack of adequate intervention options during operation



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Safety Case: Safety Argument





Internal Risk Communication Effects



The project partners

- have an idea of remaining risks and dangers,
- are aware that integrity and safety of controllers and actuators are far from series standards,
- know about the fallback measures of a release level,
- reviewed the documented restrictions for tests going along with a release level, and
- consider their component's potential safety impact systematically throughout the development.



External Risk Communication Effects



A published release documentation emphasizes UNCIARagil's dedication towards safety already in the design stage of AVs.

The documentation also discloses

- the knowledge of remaining risks and dangers,
- the basis for release decisions by the project,
- responsibilities and accountabilities of individual partners, and
- the established release procedure.



Conclusion



Our release procedure establishes

- five release levels,
- documented component-oriented hazard analyses,
- disclosure of the key deficiencies that motivate a human fallback,
- external auditing before release for demonstration, and
- a sound basis for risk assessment.

As a result, the release document is a hundreds of pages long comprehensive record of all established safety measures.



References



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Picture: unicaragil.de

Thank you for your attention.

Robert Graubohm

TU Braunschweig, Institute of Control Engineering (IfR)

Email: graubohm@ifr.ing.tu-bs.de

Web: http://www.ifr.ing.tu-bs.de



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