

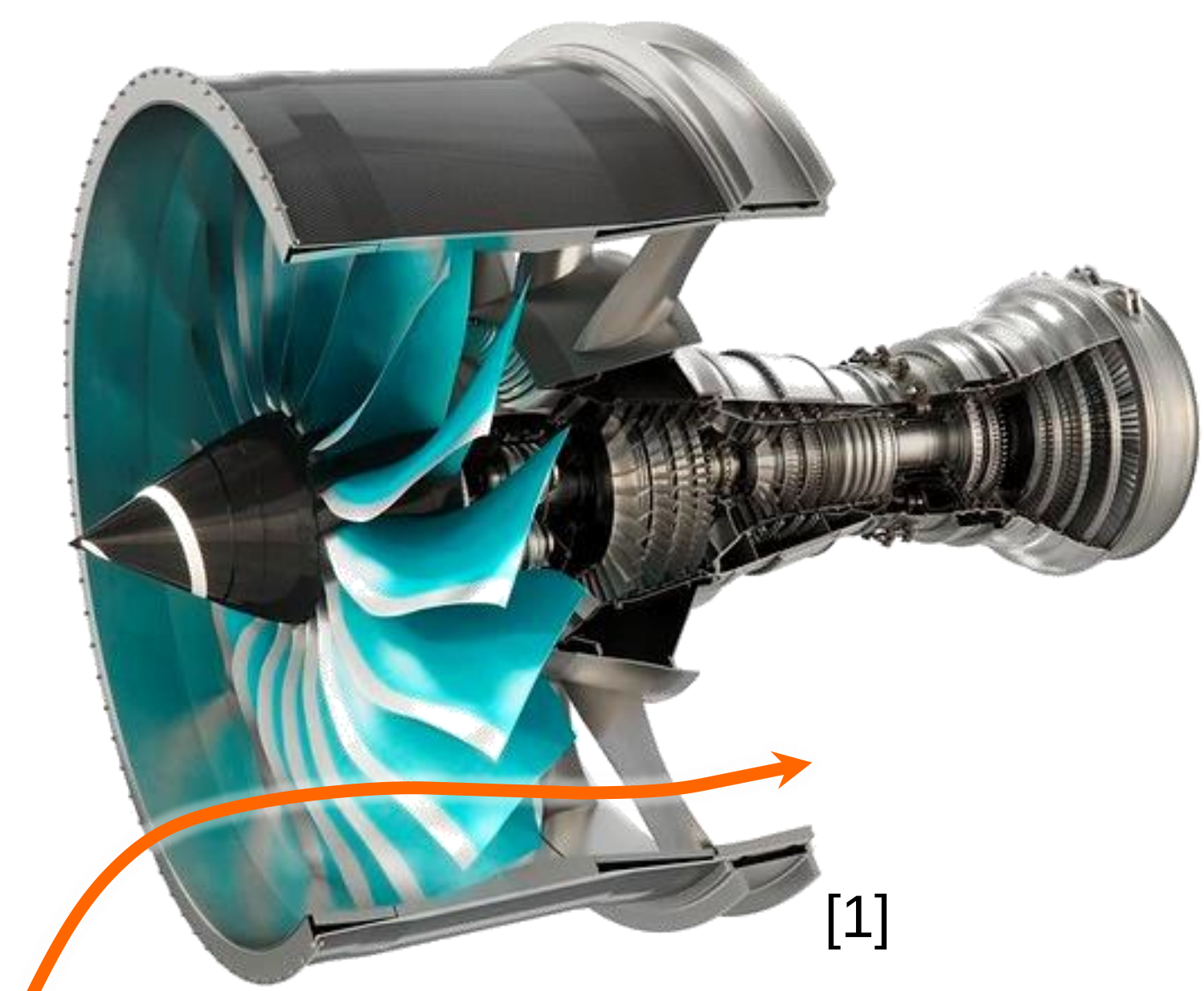
Motivation

Improvement of the **propulsive efficiency** via larger bypass ratios

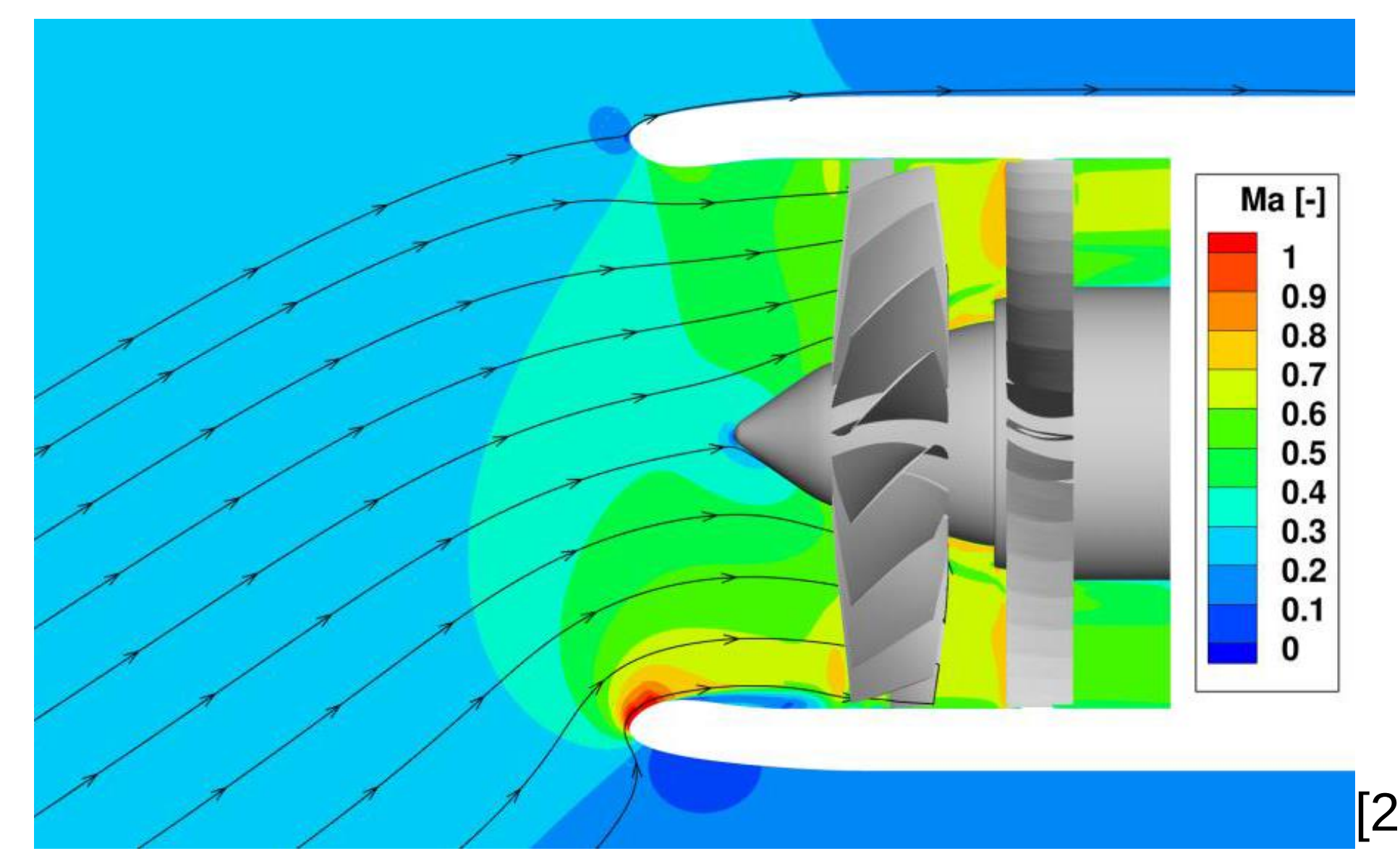
↳ **Consequences:** Larger, heavier nacelles with higher drag

↳ **Counter measures:** Reduction of axial length of intake geometry

↳ **Focus:** Closer fan and intake coupling and interaction, Off-design operating points



Cross wind induced flow separation in modern ultrahigh bypass ratio (UHBR) engines (e.g. Rolls-Royce UltraFan).



Numeric calculation of fan intake interaction with modern intake geometry under distorted inflow.

Wind Tunnel

- Combination of two wind tunnels
- Powered fan stage
- Test section dimensions: 2.4 x 2.4 x 8 m

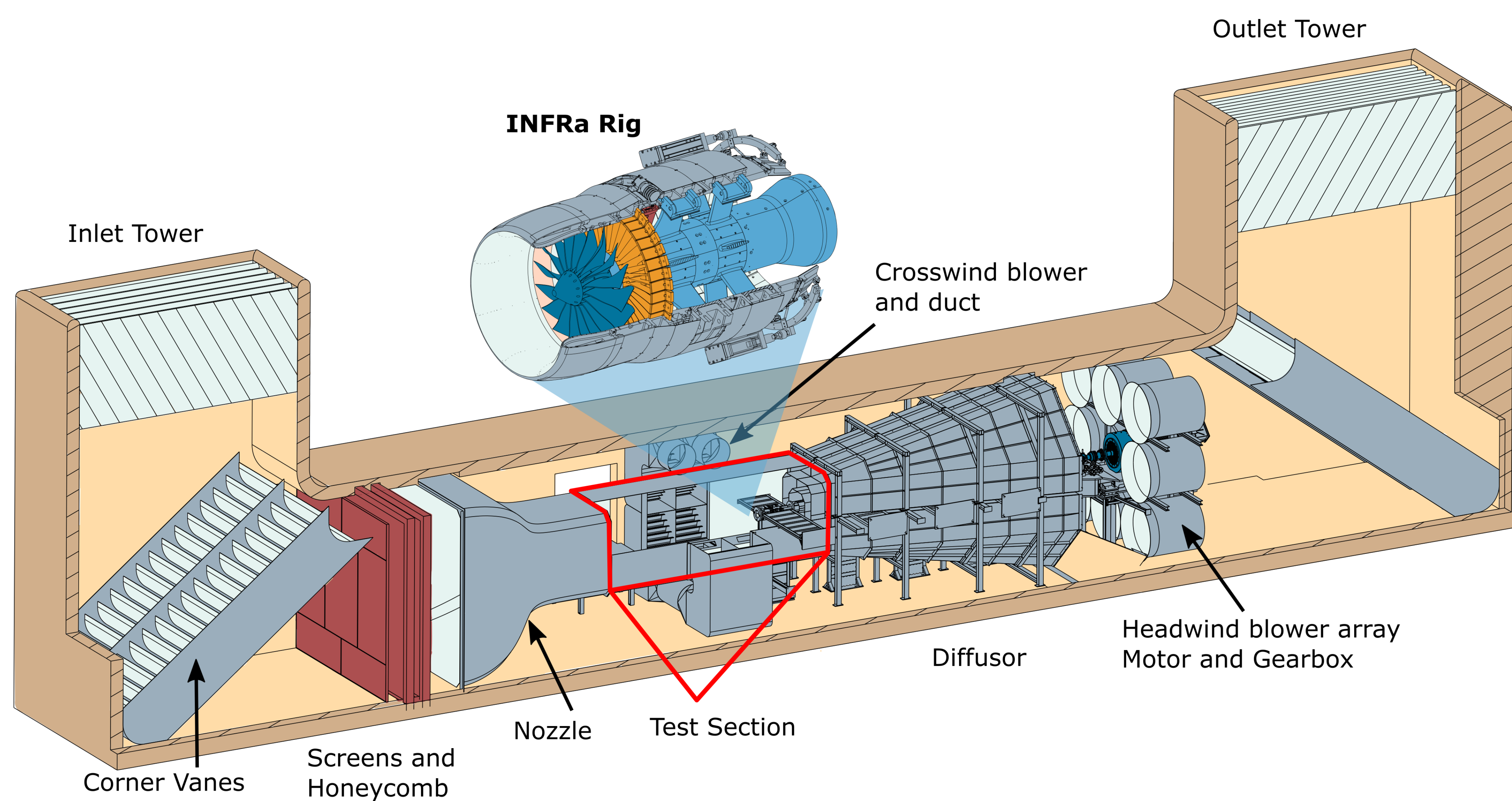


Fig.: Propulsor Test Facility (PTF) with test rig and main components

Cross Wind Concept

Head Wind:	1,0 MW	$Ma_{max} = 0.2$
Cross Wind:	0,2 MW	$v_{CW,max} = 40$ kts
Powered Rig:	2,0 MW	11.000 rpm

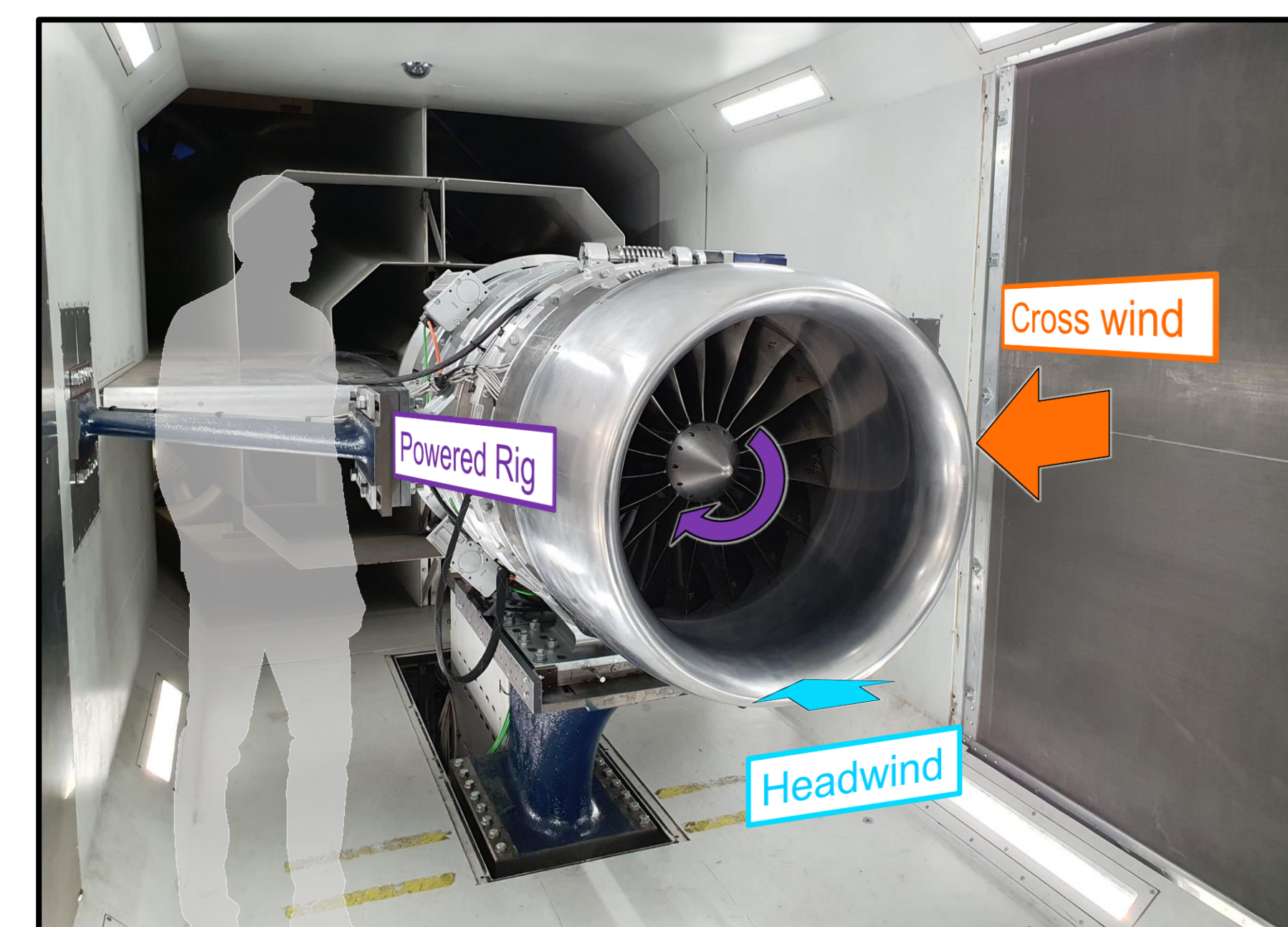


Fig.: Integrated Nacelle Fan Rig assembly in test section

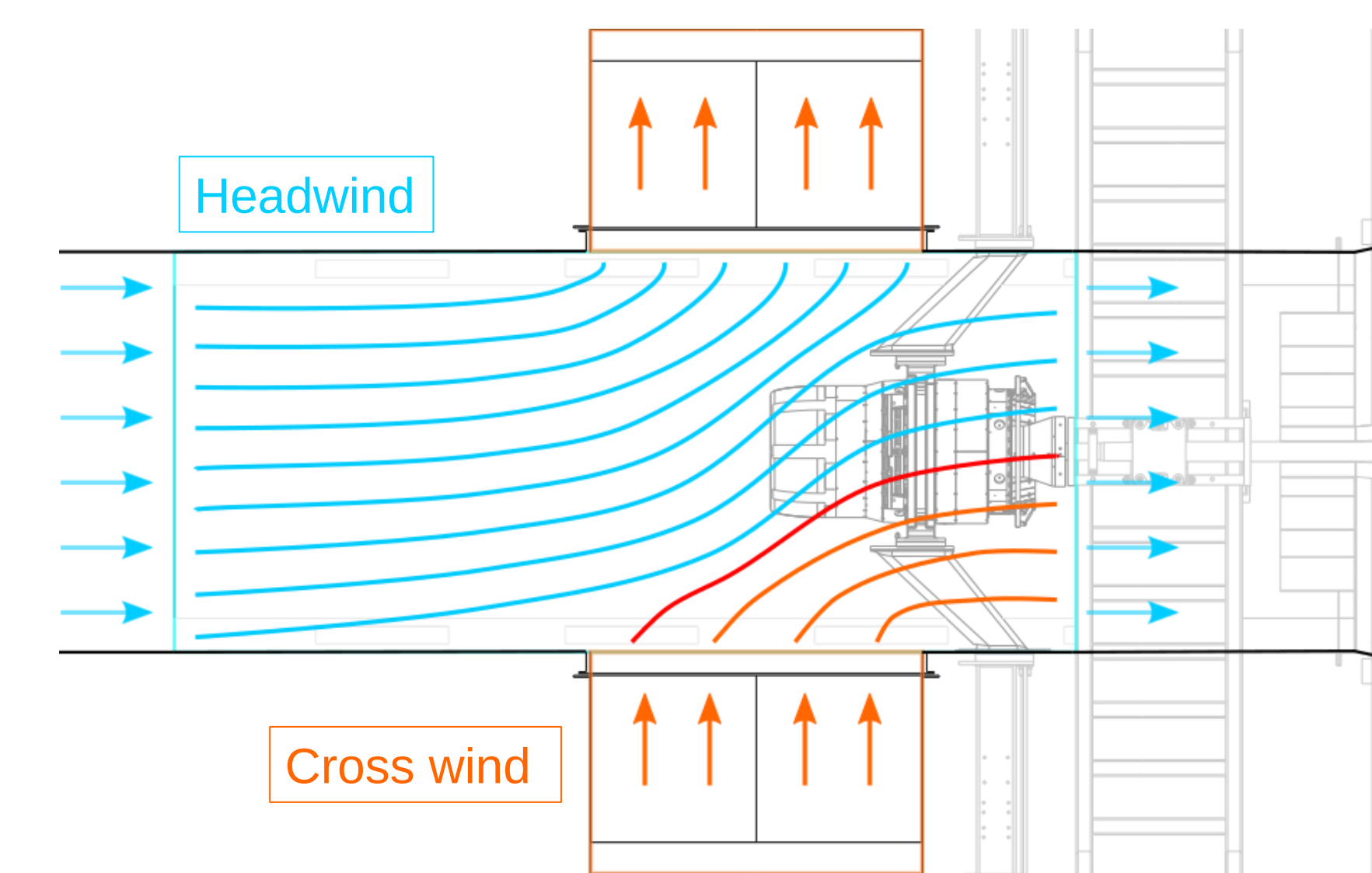
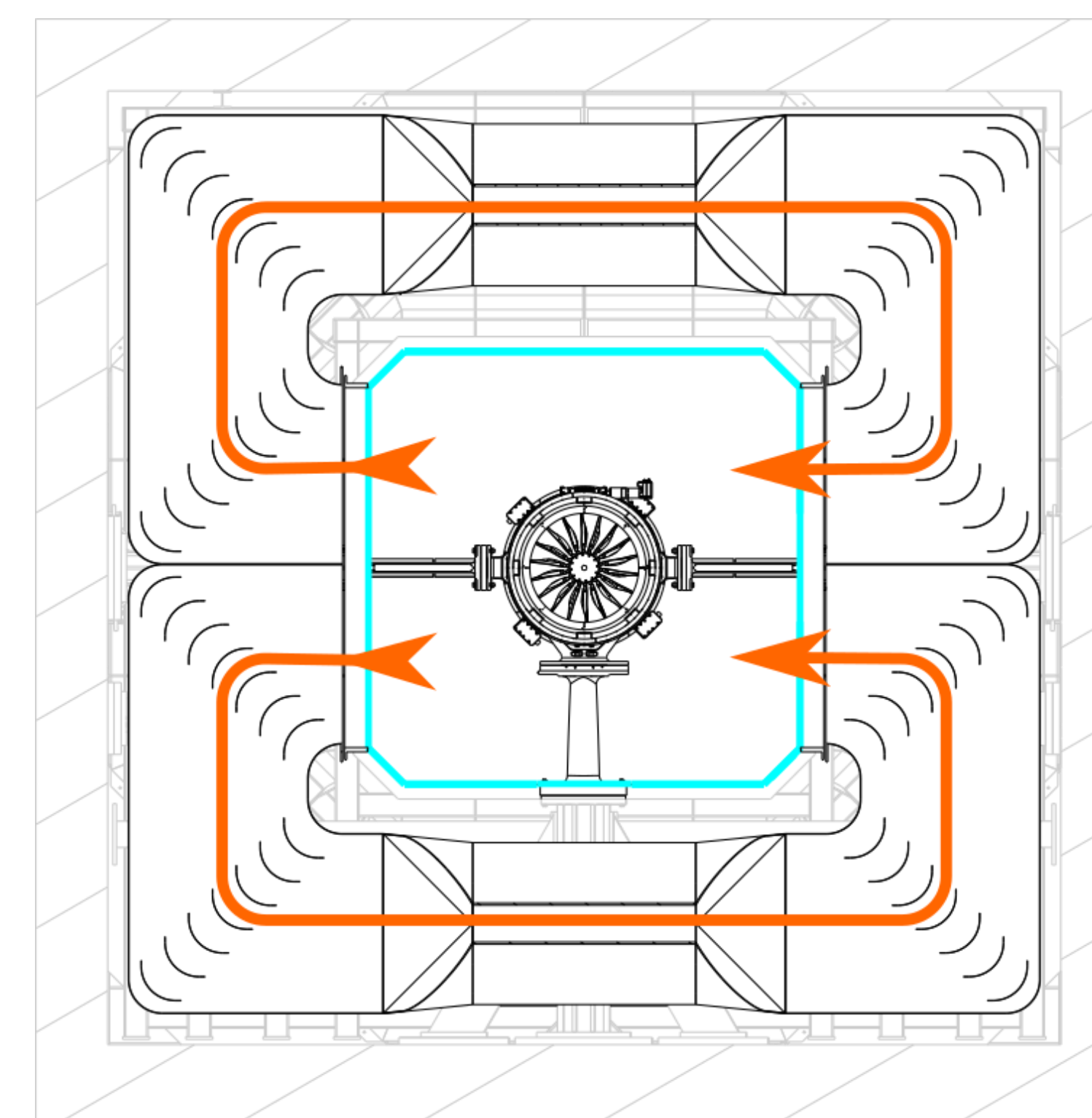
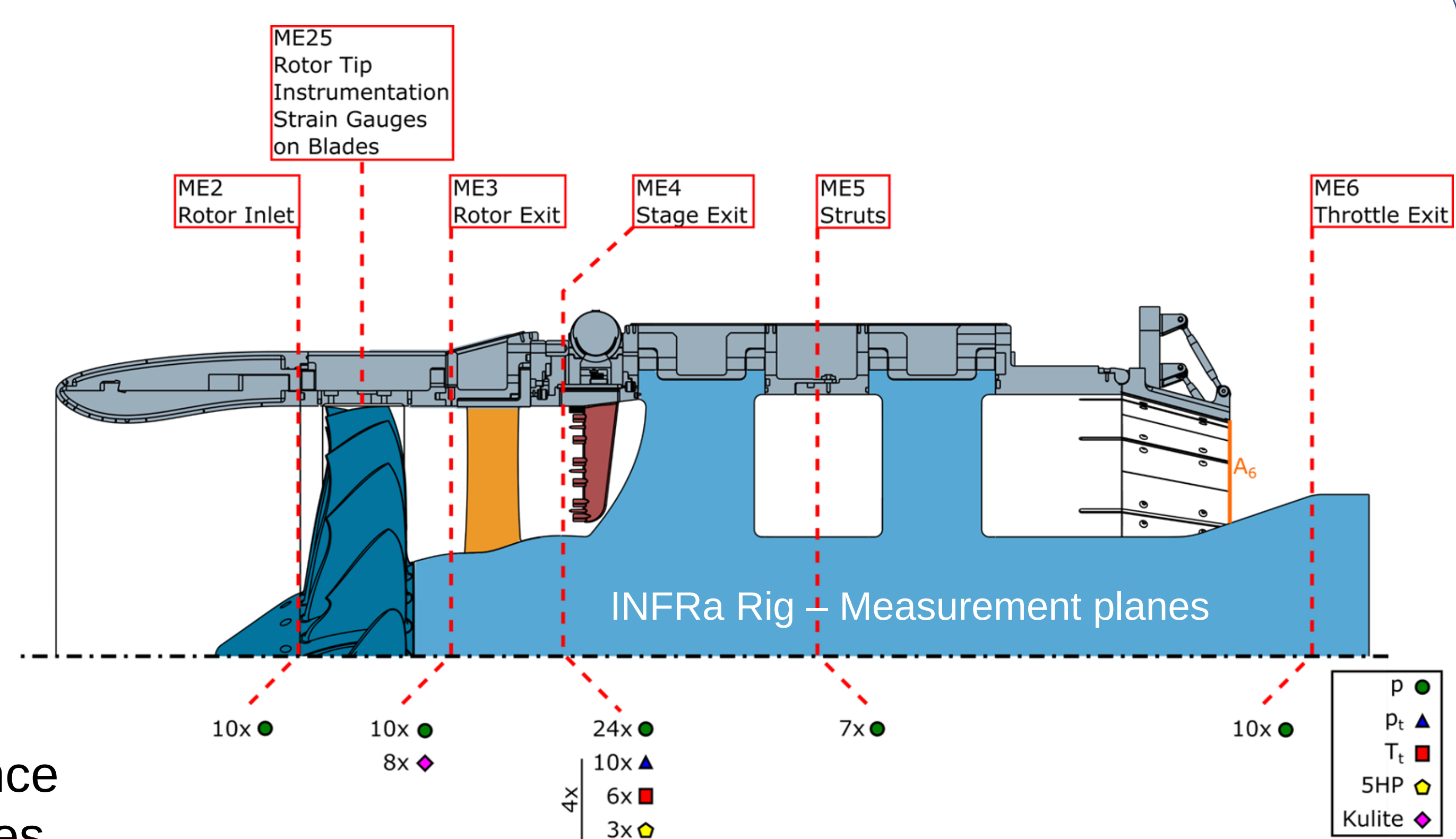


Fig.: Cross wind scheme, vertical and horizontal cut

Test Rig

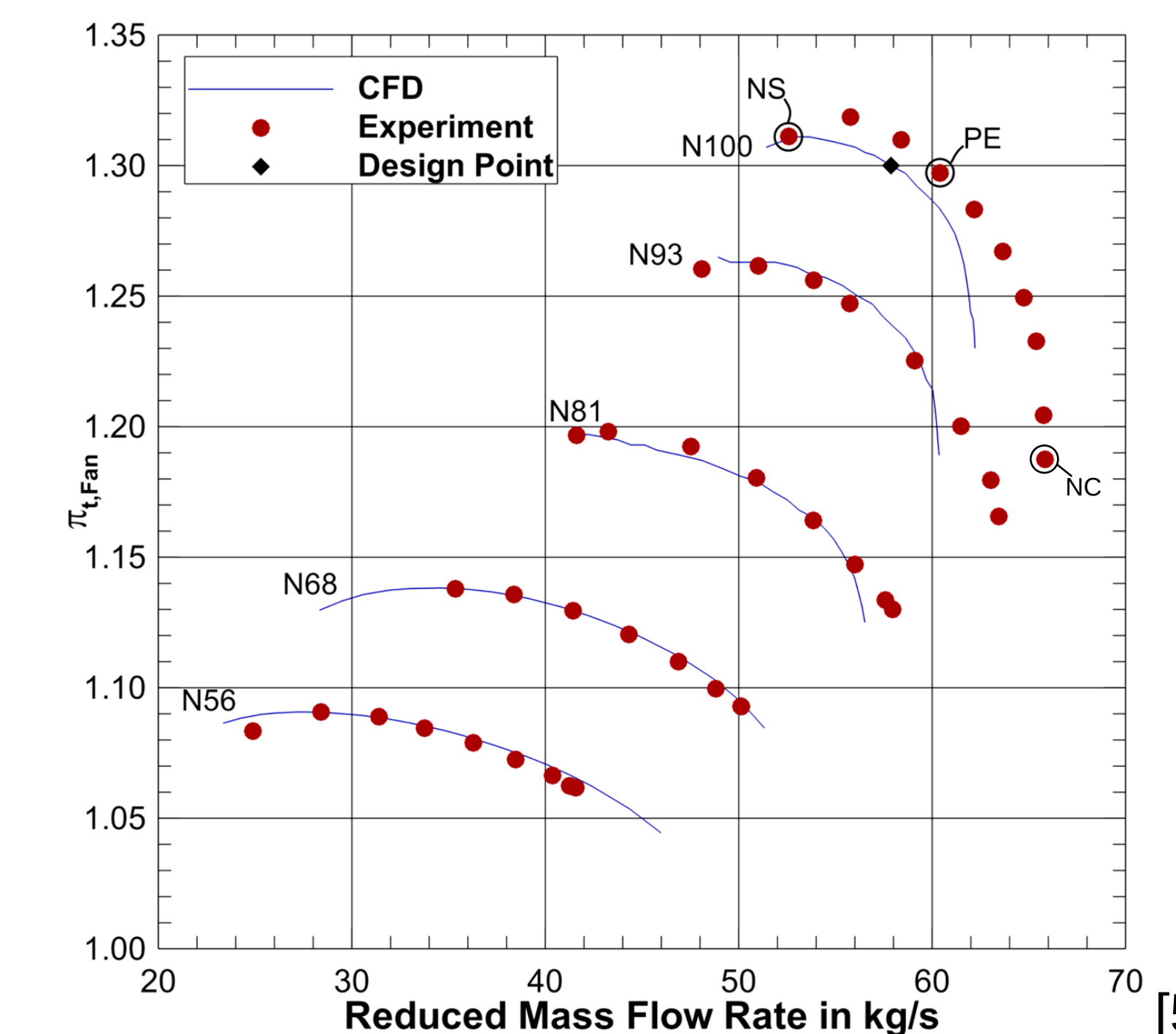
- Modern UHBR design
 - Scale 1:3
 - π_{FAN} 1,32
 - BPR ~17
 - Fan $\varnothing$ 650mm

- Modular concept
- Adjustable throttle [4]
- Instrumented nacelle
- Rotor telemetry
- Tip timing and clearance
- Traversable wake rakes

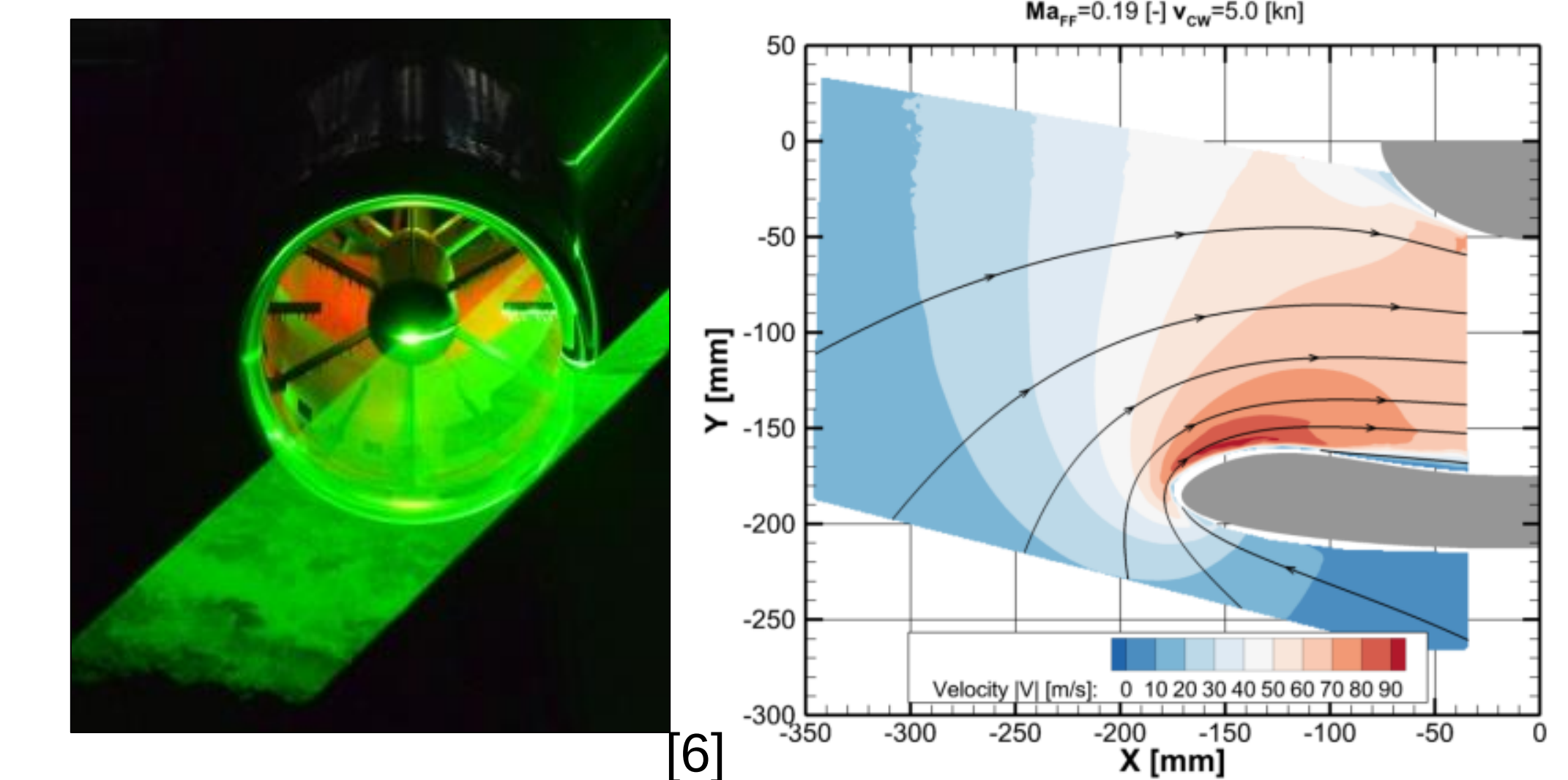


Experimental Results

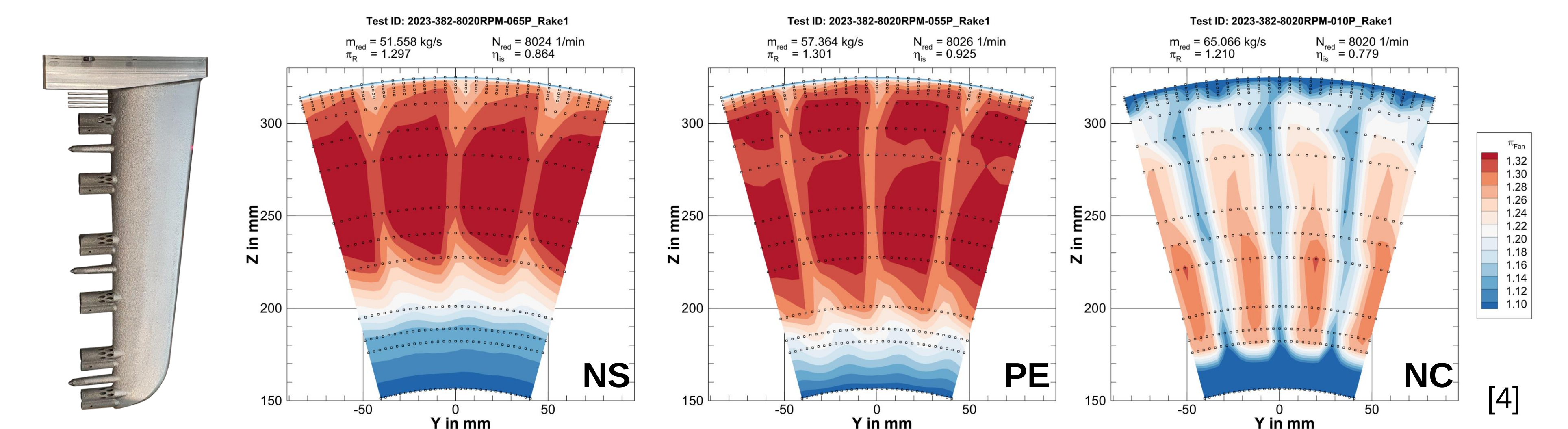
- Complete compressor map [3,5]
 - CFD vs. Experiment
 - Undistorted flow



- PIV analysis of intake distortion [6]
 - Photo of setup during operation (left)
 - Measurement result of windward intake contour with cross wind induced flow separation (right)



- OGV wake measurement at different operating points
 - Photo of single measurement rake (left)
 - Operating points: Near Stall (NS), Peak Efficiency (PE) and Near Choke (NC)



Summary

- Wind tunnel setup with **cross and head wind capabilities**
- Versatile, modular **powered UHBR test rig**
- Experimental investigation of **coupled fan intake interaction** under distorted inflow
- Adjustable throttle** for various operating points
- Instrumentation for flow analysis plus intake and fan performance
- Future uses: BLI test rig, composite rotor blades and fan flutter experiments

- Funding of test facility and rig supported by EFRE



- Fan stage aero design by DLR
- Test rig development mentoring by Rolls-Royce Germany



- [1] Rolls-Royce plc 2024, *website* May 2024
- [2] T. Eggers, Zur 3D-Schaufelgestaltung und zum Abströmverhalten des Eintrittsleittrades einer modernen UHBR-Fanstufe. *PhD Thesis 2023*, TU Braunschweig
- [3] J. Grubert et al., Design and development of a combined intake fan test rig to enable investigations of stable operating ranges. *ISABE 2022*, Toronto, Canada
- [4] P. Brunow et al., Design and development of a variable area nozzle as throttle for a test rig for fan-intake interaction. *ISABE 2022*, Toronto, Canada
- [5] J. Grubert et al., Commissioning of an intake fan test rig for coupled aerodynamic investigation of UHBR fans and intakes. *IGTC 2023*, Kyoto, Japan
- [6] L. Harjes, Untersuchungen der Strömungsphänomene subsonischer Triebwerkeinläufe bei veränderlichen Längenverhältnissen. *PhD Thesis 2024*, TU Braunschweig